CLAIMS

- A wet etching system for selectively patterning substrates having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs), thereby controlling the etch profile, said system comprising
 - a) a liquid etching solution; and
 - b) at least one additive to said liquid etching solution having a higher affinity to the regions of said substrate covered with SAMs than to the other regions of said substrate.
- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein said liquid etching solution comprises a KCN/Oxygen etching composition.
- 3. The system of claim 2, wherein said at least one additive is nonpolar and is adapted to form an ordered layer on said substrate.
- 4. The system of claim 3, wherein said non polar additive comprises a compound having an alkyl chain and a small, polar head group.
- 5. The system of claim 4, wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of alcohols, carboxylic acids, amines, sulfates, phosphates and alkanethiols.
- 6. The system of claim 5, wherein said compound is 1-octanol.
- 7. The system of claim 5, wherein said compound is alkanethiol which is a linear alkanethiol of the general formula $HS-(CH_2)_{n-1}-CH_3$, where 6 < n < 24.

- 8. The system of claim 5, wherein said compound is an alkanethiol which is a linear alkanethiol of the general formula $HS-(CH_2)_{n-1}-X$, where X=-OH, -COOH, -CN, -Br or vinyl, and 6 < n < 24.
- 9. The system of claim 7, wherein said alkanethiol is hexadecanethiol.
- 10. The system of claim 9, wherein said hexadecanethiol is present in a concentration in the range of about 0.005 mM to about 0.07 mM, preferably 0.02 mM.
- 11. The system of claim 5, wherein said compound is an alkanethiol which is a perfluoroalkanethiol.
- 12. The system of claim 11, wherein said perfluoroalkanethiol has a general formula selected from the group consisting of $F_3C^-(CF_2)_{n-3}^-CH_2^-CH_2^-SH$, $CF_3^-(CF_2)_{(n-3)}^-CO^-NH^-CH_2^-CH_2^-SH$ or $CF_3^-(CH_2)_{(n-1)}^-SH$.
- 13. The system of claim 3, wherein said non-polar additive is a disulfide.
- 14. The system of claim 1 which contains additionally a second additive.
- 15. The system of claim 14, wherein said second additive is a surfactant.
- 16. The system of claim 15, wherein said surfactant is a poly(ethyleneglycol).

- 17. The system of claim 16, wherein said poly(ethylenglycol) is dodecylhexa(ethyleneglycol) $(C_{12}PEG_6)$.
- 18. The system of claim 17, wherein said $C_{12}PEG_6$ is present in a concentration in the range of about 0.5 mM to about 10 mM, preferably 2 mM.
- 19. The system of claim 1, wherein said substrate is selected from the group consisting of Au, Ag, Pd and Cu.
- 20. The system of claim 19, wherein said substrate is patterned with a resist.
- 21. The system of claim 20, wherein said resist is hydrophobic.
- 22. A method for selectively patterning a substrate having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs), thereby controlling the etch profile, said method comprising the steps of
 - a) providing a liquid etching solution;
 - b) adding at least one additive to said etching solution having a higher affinity to the regions of said substrate covered with SAMs than to the other regions of said substrate; and
 - c) etching said substrate with said liquid etching solution comprising said at least one additive.
- 23. The method according to claim 22, wherein said liquid etching solution comprises a KCN/Oxygen etching composition.
- 24. The method according to claim 23, wherein said liquid etching solution is sprayed onto said substrate.

- 25. The method according to claim 22, wherein said at least one additive is nonpolar and is adapted to form an ordered layer on said substrate.
- 26. The method according to claim 25, wherein said non polar additive comprises a compound having an alkyl chain and a small, polar head group.
- 27. The method according to claim 26, wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of alcohols, carboxylic acids, amines, sulfates, phosphates and alkanethiols.
- 28. The The method according to claim 27, wherein said compound an alcohol which is 1-octanol.
- 29. The method according to claim 27, wherein said compound is alkanethiol and is a linear alkanethiol of the general formula $HS-(CH_2)_{n-1}-CH_3$, where 6 < n < 24.
- 30. The method according to claim 27, wherein said compound is an alkanethiol and is a linear alkanethiol of the general formula $HS-(CH_2)_{n-1}-X$, where X=-OH, -COOH, -CN, -Br or vinyl, and 6 < n < 24.
- 31. The method according to claim 29, wherein said alkanethiol is hexadecanethiol.
- 32. The method according to claim 31, wherein said hexadecanethiol is present in a concentration in the range of about 0.005 mM to about 0.07 mM, preferably 0.02 mM.
- 33. The method according to claim 27, wherein said compound is an alkanethiol which is a perfluoroalkanethiol.

- 34. The method according to claim 33, wherein said perfluoroalkanethiol has a general formula selected from the group consisting of $F_3C^-(CF_2)_{n-3}^-CH_2^-CH_2^-SH$, $CF_3^-(CF_2)_{(n-3)}^-CO^-NH^-CH_2^-CH_2^-SH$ or $CF_3^-(CH_2)_{(n-1)}^-SH$.
- 35. The according to claim 25, wherein said non-polar additive is a disulfide.
- 36. The method according to claim 22, comprising the step of additionally adding a second additive.
- 37. The method according to claim 36, characterized in that said second additive is an additive according to any one of claims 15 to 18.
- 38. A method of forming tapered patterns on a substrate having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs), wherein said substrate is etched using a wet etching system according to claim 1.
- 39. A method of etching a copper substrate having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs) with a wet etching system, wherein said wet etching system comprises a first compound being adapted to bind to said copper substrate and to oxidize said copper, and a second compound being adapted to solubilize said oxidized copper.
- 40. The method of claim 39, wherein said first compound is 3-nitrobenzenesulfonic acid (sodium salt) (NBSA) and said second compound is polyethyleneimine (PEI).

- 41. The method according to claim 40, wherein said PEI is present in the form of large, branched molecules.
- 42. The method of claim 39, wherein said first compound or said second compound is large as compared to defects present in said self-assembled monolayer.
- 43. The method of claim 39, wherein the characteristics of said first and said second compound are combined in one single molecule.
- 44. The method of claim 39, wherein a copper surface is first patterned with a self-assembled monolayer and etched over a limited depth, and subsequently said etched copper is removed from the etch bath and printed a second time with a planar stamp and then placed back in said etch bath.
- 45. The method of claim 44, wherein after the first etch step, the parts of said etched copper surface which are protected by said self-assembled monolayers are covered with a different material to further block the etch of these parts of the copper surface during the second etch step.

CLAIMS

- A wet etching system for selectively patterning substrates having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs), thereby controlling the etch profile, said system comprising
 - a) a liquid etching solution; and
 - b) at least one additive to said liquid etching solution having a higher affinity to the regions of said substrate covered with SAMs than to the other regions of said substrate.
- 2. The system of claim 1, characterized in that said liquid etching solution comprises a KCN/Oxygen etching composition.
- 3. The system of claim 1 or 2, characterized in that said at least one additive is nonpolar and is adapted to form an ordered layer on said substrate.
- 4. The system of any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that said at least one additive comprises a compound having an alkyl chain and a small, polar head group.
- 5. The system of claim 4, characterized in that said at least one additive is selected from the group consisting of alcohols, carboxylic acids, amines, sulfates, phosphates and alkanethiols.
- 6. The system of claim 5, characterized in that said at least one additive is 1-octanol.

- 7. The system of claim 5, characterized in that said alkanethiol is a linear alkanethiol of the general formula $HS-(CH_2)_{n-1}-CH_3$, where 6 < n < 24.
- 8. The system of claim 5, characterized in that said alkanethiol is a linear alkanethiol of the general formula $HS-(CH_2)_{n-1}-X$, where X=-OH, -COOH, -CN, -Br or vinyl, and 6 < n < 24.
- 9. The system of claim 7, characterized in that said alkanethiol is hexadecanethiol.
- 10. The system of claim 9, characterized in that said hexadecanethiol is present in a concentration in the range of about 0.005 mM to about 0.07 mM, preferably 0.02 mM.
- 11. The system of claim 5, characterized in that said alkanethiol is a perfluoroalkanethiol.
- 12. The system of claim 11, characterized in that said perfluoroalkanethiol has one of the general formulae $F_3C^-(CF_2)_{n-3}^-CH_2^-CH_2^-SH$, $CF_3^-(CF_2)_{(n-3)}^-CO^-NH^-CH_2^-SH^-$ or $CF_3^-(CH_2)_{(n-1)}^-SH$.
- 13. The system of claim 3, characterized in that said at least one additive is a disulfide.
- 14. The system of any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it additionally comprises a second additive.
- 15. The system of claim 14, characterized in that said second additive is a surfactant.

- 16. The system of claim 15, characterized in that said surfactant is a poly(ethyleneglycol).
- 17. The system of claim 16, characterized in that said poly(ethylenglycol) is dodecylhexa(ethyleneglycol) ($C_{12}PEG_6$).
- 18. The system of claim 17, characterized in that said $C_{12}PEG_6$ is present in a concentration in the range of about 0.5 mM to about 10 mM, preferably 2 mM.
- 19. The system of any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that said substrate is selected from the group consisting of Au, Ag, Pd and Cu.
- 20. The system of claim 19, characterized in that said substrates are patterned with a resist.
- 21. The system of claim 20, characterized in that said resist is hydrophobic.
- 22. A method for selectively patterning a substrate having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs), thereby controlling the etch profile, said method comprising the steps of
 - a) providing a liquid etching solution;
 - b) adding at least one additive to said etching solution having a higher affinity to the regions of said substrate covered with SAMs than to the other regions of said substrate; and
 - c) etching said substrate with said liquid etching solution comprising said at least one additive.

- 23. The method according to claim 22, characterized in that said liquid etching solution comprises a KCN/Oxygen etching composition.
- 24. The method according to claim 22 or 23, characterized in that said liquid etching solution is sprayed onto said substrate.
- 25. The method according to any one of claims 22 to 24, characterized in that said at least one additive comprises an additive according to any one of claims 3 to 13.
- 26. The method according to any one of claim 22 to 25, characterized in that it further comprises the step of additionally adding a second additive.
- 27. The method according to claim 26, characterized in that said second additive is an additive according to any one of claims 15 to 18.
- 28. A method of forming tapered patterns on a substrate having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs), characterized in that said substrate is etched using a wet etching system according to any one of claims 1 to 21.
- 29. A method of etching a copper substrate having regions covered with self-assembled monolayers (SAMs) with a wet etching system, characterized in that said wet etching system comprises a first compound being adapted to bind to said copper substrate and to oxidize said copper, and a second compound being adapted to solubilize said oxidized copper.